Simbeor

Electromagnetic Signal Integrity Software to Design Predictable PCB Interconnects

www.simberian.com
Simbeor is complete solution for ALL PCB interconnect analysis tasks

Simbeor enables geometry synthesis for controlled impedance transmission lines and via-holes, has geometry import and selection capabilities, and 3D geometry editor.

Simbeor is one-stop solution for passive interconnect pre and post-layout analyses with advanced electromagnetic models, for macro-modeling and material parameters identification tasks, and de-embedding.

Available for 15-day trial at www.simberian.com
De-compositional analysis of interconnects

1) Quality of S-parameter models is ensured

2) Simulation in isolation is possible or coupling is accounted, and models are de-embedded

3) Broadband material models are identified or confirmed

4) Simulators are validated with measurements

4 necessary elements of design success supported in Simbeor software – see App Notes #2018_03, #2013_03 and #2013_05 at http://www.simberian.com/AppNotes.php
Simbeor solvers and algorithms

- Simbeor 3DML – full-wave 3D analysis tool for multi-layered geometries
  - Hybrid solver: Method of Lines + Trefftz Finite Elements + Method of Simultaneous Diagonalization (de-embedding)
  - Analysis of discontinuities and transmission lines with high-frequency (non-TEM) dispersion and anisotropy (any planar cross-section)
- Simbeor 3DTF – full-wave 3D analysis with Trefftz finite elements
- Simbeor 3DML and 3DTF solvers are parallelized locally and with distributed computing
- Fast EM solver for via geometry synthesis (infinite planes)
- Simbeor SFS – unique quasi-static field solver for large t-line cross-sections (any planar cross-section)
  - MoM, supports all dispersive isotropic material and roughness models
- Linear Network Solvers – unique port-based analysis
  - 7 solvers for FD and TD analysis of multiport networks based on Y or S-parameters – sparse solvers for extremely large networks
  - Material parameters identification, test fixture extraction and de-embedding capabilities
- Rational Compactor – converts discrete S-parameter models into frequency-continuous rational macro-models
Simbeor tools

- Touchstone Analyzer™ – S-parameters plotting, quality assurance and macro-modeling
- Transmission line wizard – fast synthesis of any single-ended and differential line geometry (strip, micro-strip, CPW, CBCPW,...)
- Via Analyzer™ – fast synthesis of via-holes and launches geometry
- Multi-layered geometry editor for pre and post-layout analyses
- Linear Network editor to draw multiport networks (link path models)
- SiTune™ – via, t-line geometry, linear network optimization, material model identification
- Eye Analyzer™ - measurements on eye diagram
- ICN Analyzer™ - for Integrated Cross-talk Noise (ICN) computation
- Board Analyzer™ - post-layout de-compositional analysis
  - DeComposer™ - post-layout analysis of coupled and skewed links
- Violation Browser™ - viewer for EMSAT rule checker
- SPP Analyzer – material model identification with TDT or short pulse measurements

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How to Design of Predictable Interconnects

Design success “fire triangle”

1. VNA measurements from MHz to 40-50 GHz are required (difficult)
2. Geometry Adjustments + Material Models + Validated Software = Predictable Interconnects
3. Requires Systematic Validation Process…

Accuracy of EDA tools must be systematically validated (most are not)

Material models and manufacturing adjustments must be identified (PCBs are not manufactured as designed)
Systematic validation process

1. Select materials and define PCB stackup with the manufacturer
2. Design test structures with the EM analysis (simple links, launches, vias,…)
3. Manufacture the board, mount connectors (if any)
4. Measure S-parameters and validate quality of the measurements
5. Cross-section the board and identify the manufacturing adjustments (if any)
6. Identify broad-band dielectric and conductor roughness models with GMS-parameters or SPP Light techniques
7. Simulate all structures with the identified or validated material models and confirmed adjustments consistently and compare S-parameters and TDR with the measurements (no further manipulations with the data)

Y. Shlepnev, Sink or Swim at 28 Gbps - The PCB Design Magazine, October 2014, p. 12-23.
M. Marin, Y. Shlepnev, 40 GHz PCB Interconnect Validation: Expectations vs. Reality, DesignCon 2018
Simbeor is formally validated up to 50 GHz

CMP-28 Channel Validation Platform from Wild River Technology LLC

Example of systematic validation with EvR-1 test board from Infinera

1.1 in microstrips – vias – 1.5 in strips – vias – 1.1 in microstrips

Complete report #2018_01 at http://www.simberian.com/AppNotes.php
28 Gbps NRZ, PRBS-32, 15 ps rise time

EvR-1 test board – see complete report at Complete report #2018_01 at http://www.simberian.com/AppNotes.php
Material model identification in Simbeor

Using measured and simulated GMS-parameters:

a) Identify copper resistivity by matching GMS IL at lowest frequencies

b) Identify dielectric Dk by matching GMS phase delay (GMS PD)

c) Identify LT by matching GMS IL at lower frequencies
Re-adjust Dk to match GMS PD

d) Identify roughness model parameters by matching GMS IL at high frequencies
Re-adjust Dk to match GMS PD

e) Do it for all unique dielectrics

Y. Shlepnev, Broadband material model identification with GMS-parameters, EPEPS 2015.
Y. Shlepnev, Y. Choi, C. Cheng, Y. Damgaci, Drawbacks and Possible Improvements of Short Pulse Propagation Technique, EPEPS 2016.
Dielectric models supported in Simbeor

- Non-causal loss model with constant dielectric constant and loss tangent over any frequency band;
- One-pole Debye model (OnePoleDebye type) - useful for pure glass, sapphire, alumina and water - see "Dielectric models" chapter in Simbeor Manual for more on that model;
- Wideband Debye (aka Djordjevic-Sarkar or Swensson-Dermer) (WidebandDebye type) or continuous spectrum model - it is suitable for most of the PCB and packaging dielectrics (see details at How to define Wideband Debye dielectric model?);
- Multi-pole Debye (MultiPoleDebye and MultiPoleDebyeRegular) with real relaxation poles to describe polarization losses over wider frequency band - see details at How to define multi-pole Debye model;
- Generic multi-pole model with real and complex poles defined by measurements of DK and LT at a set of frequencies (MultiPoleGeneric) - see "Dielectric models" chapter in Simbeor Manual;
- Multi-pole Debye and Debye-Lorentz (MultiPoleDebyeLorentz) with real or relaxation and complex or resonant poles - see details at How to define Debye-Lorentz dielectric model?;
- Multi-pole Havriliak-Negami model (generalization of Cole-Cole and Cole-Davidson models) - see details at How to define Havriliak-Negami dielectric model?
- Dielectric mixtures (Wiener, Hashin-Shtrickman and Maxwell-Garnett - see more at How to define dielectric mixture model?)
- Anisotropic dielectrics with separate definition of $Z$, and $XY$-plane components of permittivity tensor to take into account layered structure of PCB dielectric - see details at How to describe anisotropic dielectric model?;
- Non-uniform dielectrics to simulate weave-effect (NUTL model in Linear Network) - see details at How to simulate fiber weave effect in Simbeor?;
Unified Roughness Model in Simbeor

\[ K_{ri} = 1 + \left( RF_i - 1 \right) \cdot F \left( SR_i, \delta_s \right) \]

RF>1 – Roughness Factor – maximal increase in loss due to roughness (common for all models);
SR – Surface Roughness parameter – defines roughness onset frequency, different for different RCCs;
\( F \left( SR_i, \delta_s \right) \) - Roughness Transition Function (from 0 to 1), different for different RCCs;

\[ \delta_s = \left( \pi \cdot f \cdot \mu \cdot \sigma \right)^{-1/2} \]

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skin depth``

- \( F_h \left( \Delta_i, \delta_i \right) = 2 \cdot \arctan \left[ \frac{1.4 \left( \frac{\Delta_i}{\delta_i} \right)^2}{\pi} \right] \)
  Hammerstad (\( RF=2 \)) and Modified Hammerstad (\( RF \))

- \( F_b \left( \Delta_i, \delta_i \right) = \tanh \left[ \frac{\Delta_i}{1.8 \cdot \delta_i} \right] \)
  Bushminskiy aka Simbeor Original

- \( F_g \left( \Delta_i, \delta_i \right) = \exp \left[ -\left( \frac{\delta_i}{2 \cdot \Delta_i} \right)^{1.6} \right] \)
  Groiss (\( RF=2 \)) and Modified Groiss (\( RF \))

- \( F_{hu} \left( r_i, \delta_i \right) = \frac{2}{\pi^2 r_i^2 \mu f \delta_i} \left| \text{Re} \left[ \eta \frac{3\pi}{4k^2} (\alpha(1) + \beta(1)) \right] \right| - \frac{1}{2} \)
  Hemispherical (diverges at high frq)

- \( F_{hs} \left( r_i, \delta_i \right) = \left( 1 + \frac{\delta_i^2}{r_i^2} + \frac{\delta_i^2}{2r_i^2} \right)^4 \)
  Huray snowball (1-ball case or “cannonball”)

- \( F_{hub} \left( r_i, \delta_i \right) = \left( 1 + (1 - j) \frac{\delta_i}{2r_i} \right)^4 \)
  Causal Huray aka Huray-Bracken

All models are multi-level – see more at
http://kb.simberian.com/brow
wse_item.php?id=39

Effective Roughness

Dielectric layer is also supported!
Simbeor use case scenarios

- **Stand-alone**
  - Material parameters identification (with GMS and standard SPP)
  - S-parameter and compliance analyses of links (both pre and post-layout)
  - S-parameters model quality assurance and macro-modeling
  - De-embedding of test fixtures

- **With a system-level tool (HSPICE, ADS, …)**
  - Building advanced full-wave models of interconnects (pre and post-layout)
  - S-parameters model quality assurance and macro-modeling

- **With HFSS or CST – Simbeor compliments with**
  - Analysis of t-lines with advanced dielectric and conductor roughness models
  - Analysis of planar discontinuities, coupling through planes
  - S-parameters model quality assurance and macro-modeling
  - S-parameter and compliance analyses of links (hybrid pre-layout and post-layout with DeComposer tool)
Why use Simbeor?

1. Provide systematic approach to design predictable interconnects!
2. Algorithms are systematically and independently validated with measurements up to 50 GHz!
3. Unique algorithms for material models identification
4. Unique de-embedding capabilities
5. Advanced models of transmission lines
6. Fast and accurate pre- and post-layout de-compositional EM analysis
7. Quick compliance analysis in frequency domain
8. Unique quality assurance for Touchstone models
9. Unique macro-modeling capabilities for consistent FD and TD analyses
10. Easy-to-learn and easy-to-use

Simbeor is #1 in price-performance (accuracy and productivity)
What is next?

- To learn more visit www.simberian.com
  - Start learning from http://kb.simberian.com/browse_item.php?id=783
  - Check app notes and technical papers and presentations
  - Watch demo-videos and recorded webinars

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- Simberian location and contacts
  - Corporate office:
    2629 Townsgate Rd., Suite #235, Westlake Village, CA 91361
  - Tel. +1-702-876-2882
  - E-mail: info@simberian.com